

Early Childhood Workforce Index 2016 **TENNESSEE**



IN TENNESSEE, there are 481,935 children age birth through five years; 64 percent of these children live in households where all available parents are currently working, and 30 percent of all Tennessee children are part of low-income families. It is widely agreed that the current early care and education system across states is woefully underfunded. The <u>cost of services</u> is out of reach for many working families, including those who earn middle-class wages. At the same time, large swaths of early childhood teachers — even those with college degrees — earn unlivable wages.

More than 17,230 members of the early childhood teaching workforce provide services to children in Tennessee.

| Occupation | Percentile | Median wage |
|----------------------|------------|----------------|
| Surgeon | 99th | ≥ \$90 |
| Kindergarten teacher | 64th | \$23.05 |
| Preschool teacher | 12th | \$11.46 |
| Child care worker | 2nd | \$8.93 |

Selected Occupations Ranked by Earnings

- In 2015, the median wage for child care workers was \$8.93, a 3% decrease since 2010.
- For preschool teachers, the median wage was \$11.46, a 4% increase since 2010.



| Early Childhood Workforce Policies | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------|--|
| Qualifications | BA for all pre-K teachers? | Yes | |
| | At least CDA or vocational training for licensed providers? | No | |
| QRIS and work environment | Paid time in professional development? | Yes | |
| | Paid planning and/or preparation time? | No | |
| | Salary schedule/benefits? | Yes | |
| | Same for home providers? | No | |
| Compensation strategies | Salary parity for pre-K teachers? | Yes | |
| | Wage supplement? | No | |
| Financial resources | State reported extra CCDBG spending? | No | |
| | State applied for federal grant? | Yes | |
| | Ratio of pre-K to K-12 spending over 50%? | Yes | |
| Workforce data | Formal data collection mechanism? | Yes | |
| | Includes compensation? | Unavailable | |
| | Reports data publicly? | Yes | |
| | Comprehensive? | No | |

| Family & Income Support Policies | | | |
|---|--|----|--|
| Income supports and child care assistance | Refundable Earned Income Tax Credit? | No | |
| | Higher than federal minimum wage, indexed for inflation? | No | |
| | Child care assistance income eligibility set at 85% of state median income or above? | No | |
| | Refundable child care tax credit? | No | |
| Supports for health and well-being | Paid sick days law? | No | |
| | Paid family leave law? | No | |
| | Expanded Medicaid eligibility? | No | |

The *Early Childhood Workforce Index* provides a composite appraisal of the early childhood workforce in each state focused on: Earnings and Economic Security; Early Childhood Workforce Policies; and Family and Income Support Policies. The full <u>2016 Index</u> includes a discussion and rationale for each category and spotlights successful and promising practices in selected states. To see how Tennessee compares to other states, visit our <u>interactive state-by-state database</u>. For an overview of data sources for the indicators listed above, see our <u>guide to indicators</u>.